# TRADITIONAL IRA CONTRIBUTION AND INVESTMENT SELECTION



| PART 1. IRA OWNER   | PART 2. IR   | PART 2. IRA TRUSTEE OR CUSTODIAN   |   |  |                  |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|------------------|--|
|   |  |  | To be co  | ompleted by the IRA trus   | tee or custodia  |  |
| Name (First/MI/Last)  |  | Name   |   |  |                  |  |
| Social Security Number  |  | Address Line 1   |   |  |                  |  |
| Date of Birth Phone   |  |  | Address Line 2  |  |                  |  |
| Email Address   |  |  |   |  |                  |  |
| Account Number  | Suffix   | Phone  | Or  | ganization Number  |                  |  |
| PART 3. CONTRIBUTION INFORMA  | TION   |  |   |  |                  |  |
| Contribution Amount   | Contribution [   | Pate   | te  |  |                  |  |
| CONTRIBUTION TYPE (Select one)  Regular (Includes catch-up contributions) Contribution for Tax Year  Rollover (Distribution from a Traditional IRA, SI By selecting this transaction, I irrevocably de Transfer (Direct movement of assets from a Recharacterization (A nontaxable movemen By selecting this transaction, I irrevocably de SEP Contribution (Contribution made under contribution is made)  IF YOU ARE REQUIRED TO TAKE A REQUIRE (Checking any of the following will require adjus This is a rollover or transfer of assets remove This is a transfer from my deceased spouse's The value of my portion of my deceased spo | signate this contribution. Traditional IRA or SIM to fa Roth IRA contributions is signate this contribution as simplified employee.  ED MINIMUM DISTRUTION TO THE SIMPLE OF RESERTANCE O | on as a rollover.  PLE IRA into this Tradition on as a recharacterizati pension (SEP) plan; SEI  IBUTION THIS YEAR, imum distribution.) en assets were removed r 31 of last year | fonal IRA) al IRA) on. contributions are i COMPLETE THE F | reported for the year in to see the se | which the        |  |
| Investment Description  | Quantity<br>or Amount  | Status<br>(new or existing)  | Investment<br>Number                                      | Term<br>or Maturity Date   | Interest<br>Rate |  |
| DEPOSIT METHOD  Cash or Check (If the contribution type is troes   Internal Account   Account Number   External Account (e.g., EFT, ACH, wire) (Ad  | ditional documentation   | Type (e.g., check<br>n may be required and j   | ing, savings, IRA) _<br>fees may apply.)                  |  |                  |  |
| Name of Organization Sending the Assets<br>Account Number   |  | Type (e.g., check  | Routing Numb<br>ing, savings, IRA) _                      | oer (Optional)   |                  |  |
|   | Deposit Taken by   |  |   |  |                  |  |
| PART 5. SIGNATURE   |  |  |   |  |                  |  |
| I certify that all of the information provided be described above is eligible to be contributed to the  |  |  |   |  | ne contributio   |  |
| X<br>Signature of IRA Owner   |  |  |   |  |                  |  |

#### RULES AND CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO TRADITIONAL IRA CONTRIBUTIONS

The IRA contribution rules are often complex. The general rules are listed below. If you have any questions regarding a contribution, please consult with a competent tax professional or refer to IRS Publication 590-A, *Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, for more information. This publication is available on the IRS website at www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM.

#### **REGULAR**

The total amount you may contribute to a Traditional IRA for any tax year cannot exceed the lesser of the published annual limit or 100 percent of your earned income and other eligible compensation. If you also maintain a Roth IRA, the maximum contribution to your Traditional IRA is reduced by any contributions you make to your Roth IRA.

- You may make a contribution for the prior year up until your tax filing deadline for that year, not including extensions. Designating a contribution for the prior year is irrevocable.
- If you are age 50 or older by the end of the year, you may be eligible to make an additional catch-up contribution to an IRA for that tax year.

## **ROLLOVER**

A rollover is a distribution and a subsequent tax-free movement of assets from any of your Traditional IRAs, SIMPLE IRAs, or eligible employer-sponsored retirement plans to your Traditional IRA.

- You are permitted to roll over only one distribution from an IRA (Traditional, Roth, or SIMPLE) in a 12-month period, regardless of the number of IRAs you own. There is no limit to the number of rollovers you may perform from any of your eligible employer-sponsored retirement plans to a Traditional IRA.
- Any required minimum distributions paid to an IRA owner or beneficiary may not be rolled over.
- A rollover generally must be completed within 60 days from the date you receive the assets.
- A rollover contribution of Roth IRA assets may not be made to a Traditional IRA.
- A rollover contribution of assets distributed from a SIMPLE IRA within two years of the first contribution to your SIMPLE IRA may not be made to a
  Traditional IRA.

# **TRANSFER**

A transfer is a direct movement of assets to your Traditional IRA from any of your other Traditional IRAs or SIMPLE IRAs.

- You may perform an unlimited number of transfers.
- A transfer contribution may not be made from a Roth IRA.
- A transfer contribution may not be made from a SIMPLE IRA within two years of the first contribution to your SIMPLE IRA.

## **RECHARACTERIZATION**

A recharacterization is the procedure to treat all or a portion of a contribution to a Roth IRA as if it had been made to a Traditional IRA.

- A contribution that is recharacterized must be adjusted for earnings.
- The recharacterization deadline is your tax filing deadline for the year of the original transaction, including extensions.

# **SEP CONTRIBUTION**

If you are a participant in your employer's simplified employee pension (SEP) plan, contributions may be made to your Traditional IRA.

- Your employer may make SEP contributions to your Traditional IRA within the published annual limits.
- If your employer maintains a salary deferral SEP plan, your elective deferrals may not exceed the published annual limit.
- If your employer maintains a salary deferral SEP plan and you are age 50 or older by the end of the calendar year, you may be eligible to make additional catch-up salary deferral contributions.
- SEP contributions to your Traditional IRA are reported for the year in which the contributions are made.

### RMD REQUIREMENT

If you were born before July 1, 1949, you are required to take an RMD by April 1 of the year following the year you attain age 70½ and every year thereafter. If you were born on or after July 1, 1949, but before January 1, 1951, you are required to take an RMD by April 1 of the year following the year you attain age 72 and every year thereafter. If you were born on or after January 1, 1951, you are required to take an RMD by April 1 of the year following the year you attain age 73 and every year thereafter.